





Carlo Sommaruga
President of Solidar Suisse

At the start of 2020, very few of you knew the right way to wear a face mask or the meaning of ‘herd immunity,’ ‘R value,’ ‘superspreader’ or ‘coronavirus fatigue,’

Solidar Suisse is active in regions where the coronavirus has had a much worse impact on people than on us here in Switzerland. Lockdowns in the poorest countries represented an existential threat to many of their inhabitants. Millions lost all of their employment and income as a direct result. They have been suffering from acute starvation, and their children have no longer been able to attend school. The already precarious level of health provision in countries such as Cambodia and Burkina Faso saw meagre resources being diverted to the fight against the pandemic, impeding the treatment of patients with treatable and preventable diseases.

So, as a result, the way in which Solidar employees and the local people in our project regions have been dealing with the coronavirus crisis is all the more impressive. Solidar Suisse took preventive measures, spread information about the disease, and alleviated serious hardship. We are eternally grateful to our donors for their flexibility in relation to the allocation of resources.

Covid-19 aside, there was one major success to celebrate in 2020: the majority of the Swiss electorate voted in favour of the corporate responsibility initiative, despite it failing to be approved by the majority of cantons. We continue to pursue the core remit of the initiative: to promote a fair economy with no exploitation of workers or destruction of the environment.

Our sincere thanks for your support; to repeat the slogan of our initial period of lockdown, ‘Keep up the solidarity and stay healthy!’

Carlo Sommaruga

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Cover Solidar Suisse supplied emergency aid to people whose livelihoods were threatened by the coronavirus pandemic, and supported them in demanding their employment rights.

Dear Reader,

Solidar in 2020

Holding on in there

Lukas Frohofer
Programme Manager
Humanitarian Aid



21,274

people in Bangladesh and Indonesia have rebuilt lives which were shattered by displacement or earthquakes.

Jorge Lampião
Former National Solidar
Coordinator in Mozambique



19,880

people in Burkina Faso, Mozambique, El Salvador and Southeast Asia received support to make a living despite Covid-19.

‘As a member of the Core Humanitarian Standard (CHS) Alliance, Solidar Suisse works tirelessly to improve its accountability towards recipients. A self-assessment and the action plan for which this forms the basis provide us with the tools to improve the quality of our work around the world. For instance, we are currently introducing guidance on how to set up complaints procedures for beneficiaries and have provided our staff with further training on the prevention of sexual exploitation and harassment.’

Syzane Baja
National Solidar Coordinator
in Kosovo



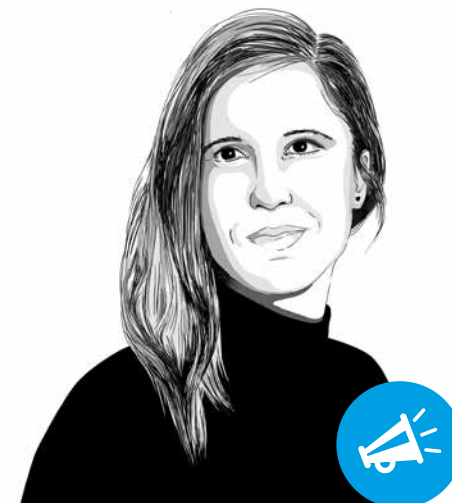
‘Youth unemployment in Kosovo lies at more than 50 percent. At the same time, businesses complain about their poorly qualified workforces. That is why Solidar Suisse is committed to ensuring that vocational training is designed to meet the needs of industry. And why in 2020, we worked with young people to help them choose the kind of future career they are best suited to. We also improved coordination between businesses, authorities and schools – albeit virtually on account of Covid-19. And despite the additional challenges posed by the pandemic, we still succeeded in arranging for 140 schoolchildren to complete practical placements with companies.’

‘The constitution of Mozambique defines decentralisation and civil participation as policies which bring power closer to the people. To me, they mean strengthening civil society so that it can demand independent alternatives for efficient government leadership. They mean insisting on a change to the political power structure and expecting public officials to be truly committed to the ideals of their people. And they mean promoting the rule of law and a form of equitable development which places citizens at its centre-point. I am proud that I was able to make my own contribution to this during my 21 years as a Solidar Suisse Coordinator.’

50.7 %

of the Swiss people said yes to the corporate responsibility initiative and took a clear stance for respecting human rights.

Simone Wasmann
Responsible for the
Decent Work Campaign



‘50.7 percent said yes to corporate responsibility – a historic achievement, despite our failure to gain a majority of the cantons on board! It was no resounding victory to be sure, but nonetheless a palpable one which triggered a political earthquake, causing Novartis, Nestlé, Credit Suisse and Co. to shake in their boots. The campaign had the support of not only more than a hundred NGOs, but also tens of thousands of ordinary people all over Switzerland. Their support was demonstrated by 450 (!) local committees and a sea of orange flags. The outcome spurs us on in our continuing fight for effective regulations which benefit people and the environment, and motivates us to keep a watchful eye on international corporations.’

Development cooperation Responding effectively to the coronavirus pandemic in Bolivia

Martin Pérez, Solidar Coordinator in Bolivia, Ana Kudelka, Head of the Project for a Life Without Violence, and Ricardo Montesinos from the Programme for Better Local Public Service tell how they are responding to the pandemic.

Bolivia was hit hard by the coronavirus pandemic. How did Solidar Suisse react?

Martin Pérez: The first thing we had to do was change our methods. Suddenly we were only able to work digitally rather than face to face with local communities. Covid-19 exacerbated the problems our projects were set up to counter: the pandemic meant the loss of newly-established livelihoods for young people, and women were exposed to even greater violence. Plus new initiatives were required – for instance, to supply our partner organisations with PPE.

Ana Kudelka: The advice centres for victims of violence (SLIM) switched to offering their services by telephone, and we installed a hotline. Despite the quarantine regulations, women affected by violence still had to be able to reach women's refuges. So we opened up new channels. Via a national WhatsApp network,

Photo Melisa Peña in her small sewing workshop, where she has been making skirts since 2018 – as well as PPE during the pandemic.



nearly three hundred institutions committed to combatting violence against women sought common solutions, such as obtaining permission for the women to move location and organising protective measures in refuges. We prepared a guide containing emergency numbers and tips on how to inform neighbours if women in danger were unable to leave their homes. *Ricardo Montesinos:* Our virtual toolbox for digital schooling was very popular: it was downloaded more than 22,000 times and adopted by some authorities for online courses for teaching staff. By launching an app programming competition, we involved young people in the creation of the digital community. We also gave out advice on living with the pandemic, and distributed PPE.

70 percent of the Bolivian population work in the grey economy, without social security or savings. How did they survive in lockdown?

Pérez: Half a million people were left without an income, and 70 percent of domestic workers lost their jobs. Local communities handed out vouchers, but this was a drop in the ocean. We provided support for young people to prevent them from having to close the small businesses they had established, and informed domestic workers of their rights, so they could claim the benefits they were due. Covid-19 is having a devastating impact on the economy and on health and is exacerbating the structural problem whereby many people work informally without social insurance.

You switched to virtual channels of communication. Doesn't that lead to more inequality?

Montesinos: There is certainly that risk, but many people have the necessary access and knowledge, including in rural areas. And there are also opportunities – especially for young people who can, for instance, market their products better online.

Pérez: Almost three quarters of Bolivians have a smartphone. Since community gatherings are not possible at the moment, we need to develop new forms of participation.

Has anything positive come out of the pandemic?

Kudelka: Coordination between institutions will outlive the pandemic, as will the acceptance of digital media: indigenous women have overcome their fear of it also. But the amount of unpaid work has increased exponentially: especially for women, as traditional gender roles persist.

Pérez: People in rural areas can also have better access to virtual university courses. But our work is based on trust: if we are to build on it, we need direct contact with people. One positive aspect might be that the pandemic will leave in its wake a realisation of what is truly important for the development of Bolivia: the need for a decent life with good health and education and an absence of violence.



Project work in the age of the coronavirus

Solidar Suisse swiftly adapted its projects to the reality of the coronavirus and developed new initiatives in response to the most urgent problems of people on the ground.

El Salvador: The projects combatting violence against women and gang violence for the first time offered advice and information on Facebook, Twitter and WhatsApp. Educational programmes survived thanks to local radio stations.

Mozambique: To tackle the lack of PPE, we built a local chlorine production centre and distributed masks, gloves, gel and soap to selected institutions.

Burkina Faso: We supplied handwashing basins and hygiene masks in schools, production facilities and community centres, and backed this up with bilingual posters and graphic material to raise awareness, as well as features on local radio.

➤ **For detailed information on this and other projects, visit:**
www.solidar.ch/en/projects



Four years after the Rohingya were driven from Myanmar, the living conditions of refugees and the local population in Cox's Bazar in Bangladesh remain precarious. We are helping people to earn a living and taking measures to alleviate the effects of the pandemic.

Solidar Suisse has been providing support for Rohingya refugees in the vast camps of Cox's Bazar since 2017. Initially, we focused on meeting the most urgent basic needs: – food, accommodation and access to drinking water. Since then, we have been concerned with improving the basic livelihoods of the refugees and supporting the poor inhabitants of neighbouring areas, because the large number of refugees has had a seriously detrimental impact on the latter's opportunities to earn an income.

Solidar Suisse has also been undertaking maintenance and renovation work to help preserve access to villages and health centres during the frequent floods and to ensure that

Photo A Solidar staff member demonstrates to participants at a workshop how hand-washing can protect them from infection.

camp accommodation can withstand the storms and heavy rains.

Providing a basic livelihood

'I have learnt how to grow squash, spinach, lettuce, carrots and okra on a small plot of land,' says 30-year-old Samuda Begum, who fled Myanmar for Cox's Bazar with her children and was once completely dependent on food aid. Solidar Suisse taught the young woman along with 2,000 other refugees and 600 families from neighbouring areas how to grow vegetables and keep chickens, and provided them with support. The participants were supplied with seed, fertiliser, rearing cages and feed as start-up capital. 'Now I can feed my children. After the last harvest, I was also able to sell some of my vegetables,' reports Begum. The sale of her produce provided her with a monthly income of 30 to 50 francs. This enables her to meet most or all of her family's needs during harvest-time.

Renovation work to paths and accommodation not only improved living conditions, but also provided an income for 1,500 refugees and local residents. They were also taught trades which should help them find work in the future.

Alleviating the impact of the pandemic and its after-effects

When the first cases of Covid-19 infection were detected around the camp, Tasmin Ara and her husband Amin from the neighbouring district of Teknaf were very concerned: 'We didn't know what this new illness was all about, or what we should do.' The Solidar project staff explained to the villagers and refugees how to take practical measures to protect themselves, and distributed masks, soap and disinfectant. This meant that even people who could not read or write had access to information about how to protect themselves from infection.

The five-month lockdown between March and July resulted in a serious loss of income and jobs in Bangladesh which is still having an impact today. Cox's Bazar recorded the second-largest number of coronavirus cases in the country, leading to a serious deterioration in or even total loss of livelihoods in the areas around the camp. As a result, Solidar Suisse is now launching a project to assist the more than 18,500 people particularly affected by the pandemic by providing financial support or ensuring that they can continue growing vegetables or rearing chickens.



Nicaragua: Emergency aid for hurricane victims

In November 2020, Nicaragua was struck by not one but two severe hurricanes. The strong winds and downpours wreaked terrible destruction throughout almost every area of the country. More than 1.8 million people were affected, and over 62,000 had to be evacuated. The simple wooden shacks inhabited by the poorest were least able to withstand the forces of nature. These people also lack the resources to rebuild their homes. Solidar Suisse is teaming up with the local organisation Sofonic and those affected to build robust accommodation which will protect them from future storms.

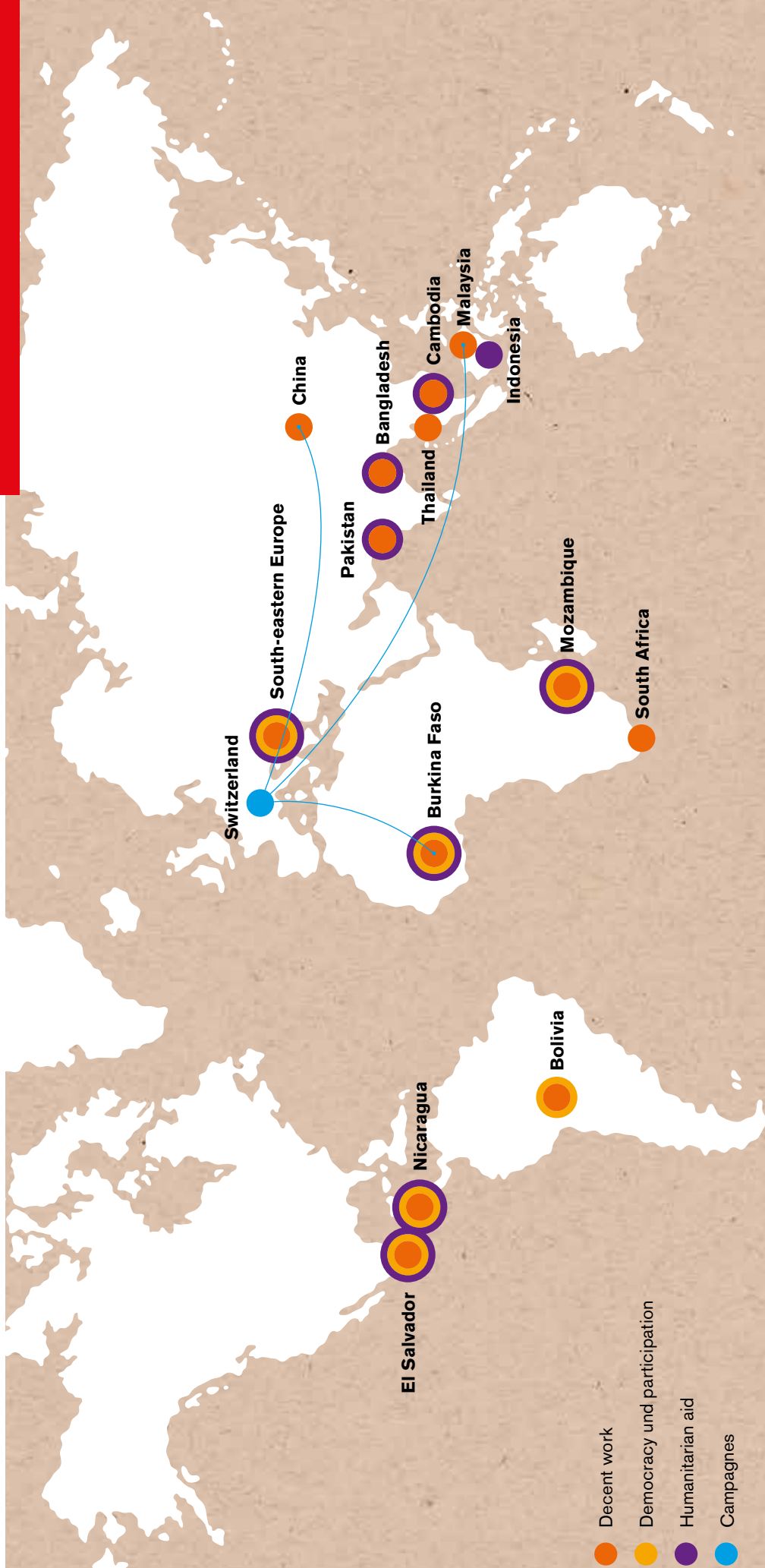
➔ **For detailed information on this and other projects, visit:**
www.solidar.ch/en/projets

Commitment around the globe

Areas where Solidar was actively involved in 2020

We fight for decent work, democratic participation, and social justice worldwide. On behalf of our donors, we put solidarity into action in over 60 projects in four continents and with campaigns in Switzerland. With foresight and ambition we eliminate social wrongs, and create possibilities and prospects for disadvantaged people.

11,248,556
Our global commitment
in CHF



Development cooperation



Decent work



Democracy and participation

Together with our local partners, we have improved security and the social safety-net for 117,222 workers in Africa, Asia and Latin America who are in precarious employment. We contributed towards ensuring that 29,546 men and women were better informed and could voice their concerns on decisions about the development of their local communities.

Total
CHF **8,016,599**

Humanitarian aid



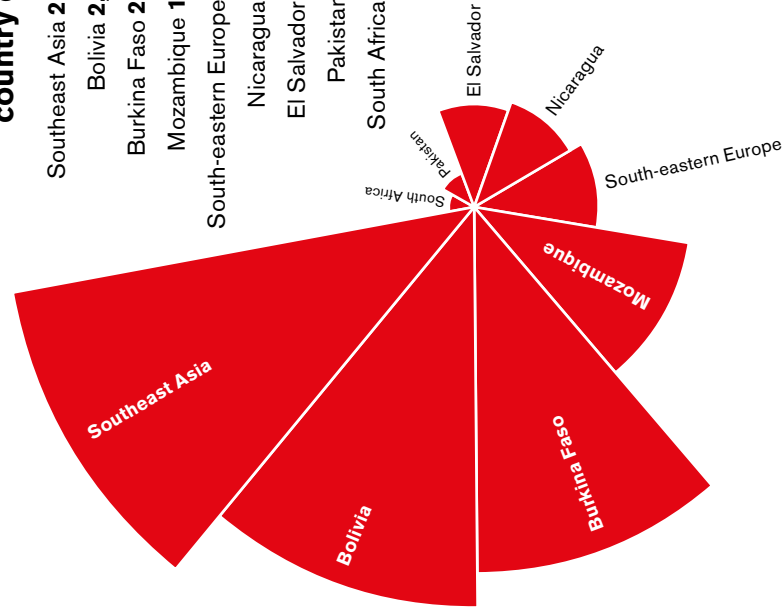
Humanitarian aid

Solidar Suisse provided 98,759 people around the world with PPE against Covid-19, supplied 280,479 people with hand-washing facilities, and provided emergency assistance to 19,880 extremely vulnerable individuals who lost their livelihoods because of the pandemic. We also created access to clean drinking water for 15,087 people in Mozambique, Pakistan and Bangladesh.

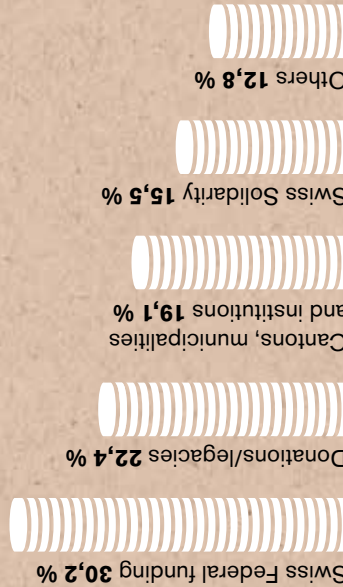
Total
CHF **3,231,957**

Expenditure per country (in CHF)

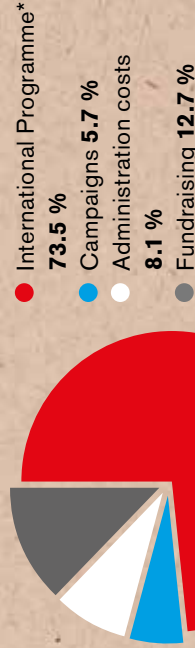
Southeast Asia **2,854,217**
Bolivia **2,426,655**
Burkina Faso **2,218,756**
Mozambique **1,319,914**
South-eastern Europe **749,583**
Nicaragua **685,732**
El Salvador **628,525**
Pakistan **210,174**
South Africa **155,000**



Origin of operational funds



Use of operational funds



* Development cooperation and Humanitarian aid including programme coordination and support



Campaigns

Over the last six years, our fair toys campaign has been fighting to improve working conditions in Chinese toy factories. In 2020, research by Solidar identified the problem of sexual harassment in a Mattel toy factory, which the company is still failing to address. Our campaigns raise awareness about the relationship between consumption and production and fight for decent working conditions in global supply chains.

Photo Migrant workers in Malaysia wait on the quay to be deported to Indonesia.



Kampagnenarbeit Solidar uncovers ill-treatment in Malaysian deportation camps for migrant workers

Solidar Suisse fights the exploitation of migrant workers on Malaysian palm oil plantations.

The pandemic hit workers on the palm oil plantations in Sabah hard. During the lockdown, traders were no longer permitted to enter the plantations, local markets were shut down. Increased police checks meant that migrants, who account for 90 percent of the workforce and most of whom had no work permit, were effectively incarcerated on the plantations.

Emergency aid on the plantations

Our partner organisation Asia Monitor Resources Centre (AMRC) immediately brought food and sanitary products to the plantations. There was growing anxiety among the migrant workers there that they would end up in one of the notorious deportation centres. Since Indonesia had closed its border, these were seriously overcrowded. Once the border reopened, our partners travelled to Indonesia and spoke to the deportees.

The former detainees told horror stories: they had been regularly beaten or forced to squat for the entire day, for instance for failure to dress correctly for the morning roll call. The guards made the detainees slap one another on the face. The dirty water meant that skin disease was rampant and there was a considerable risk of infectious diseases such as tuber-

culosis, diarrhoea and cholera. And on top of all that came Covid-19. 'We were subjected to a high-pressure spray of disinfectant from top to toe every day. We were unable to change out of our wet clothes,' reports a former detainee.

Our disclosures have an impact

Our report in early October, which systematically documented the human rights violations in the Sabah deportation centres for the first time, certainly made waves: the Consulate General of Indonesia is now supporting Indonesian migrants in court proceedings. Steps have also been taken on the part of Malaysia. The Commission on Human Rights will be monitoring the situation in the deportation centres, and the Malaysian authorities have at least now recognised the existence of the problem.

In Indonesia we are supporting our partner organisations to host a virtual media conference which will highlight the responsibilities of international buyers of palm oil. Behind the scenes, Solidar Suisse is continuing its endeavours to urge Nestlé to take active steps to improve working conditions. The company's response so far has been far from satisfactory, but the last word has yet to be said on the matter.

➡ For informations on our campaigns, visit: www.solidar.ch/campaigns

We would like to extend our sincere gratitude to our donors and members for their support. We also want to thank the public and private institutions which co-financed our work 2020. It is thanks to them that we have been able to fight extreme inequality.

Public Sector

Canton of Aargau
Canton of Glarus
Canton of Thurgau
Canton of Zurich
City of Rapperswil-Jona
City of Schlieren
City of Wil
City of Zurich
European Union
Evangelical Reformed Church parish of Bülach
Fédération Genevoise de Coopération (FGC)
Fédération Vaudoise de Coopération (FEDEVACO)
German Society for International Cooperation (GIZ)
Liechtenstein Development Service (LED)
Municipality of Baar
Municipality of Herrliberg
Municipality of Riehen
Municipality of Rüslikon
Municipality of Saanen

Municipality of Wallisellen
Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)
Swiss Solidarity

Private Institutions

Carl und Elise Elsener-Gut Stiftung
Clariant Foundation
Crain-Zivy-Stiftung
Däster-Schild Stiftung
Dora Aeschbach Stiftung
Dr. Ernst-Günther Bröder Stiftung
Fondation Alfred et Eugénie Baur
Fondation Helvétique de Bienfaisance
Fondation Hermann
Fondation Madeleine
Fondation Philanthropique Famille Sandoz
Fondation Pierre Demareux
Fondation Sauvain-Petitpierre
Fondation Vajra pour l'aide au développement humanitaire et durable

Foundation for the Third Millennium
Green Leaves Education Foundation
Hans Rüdüsühli Stiftung
Inter-American Development Bank
Laudes Foundation
Leopold Bachmann Stiftung
Luisa und Walter Stettler-Kaufmann Stiftung
MariaMarina Foundation
Maya Behn-Eschenburg Stiftung
Medicor Foundation
Nachbar in Not
Palatin-Stiftung
People's Aid Solidarity
Staff Solidarity Fund of Solidar and SLA
Stiftung Beatrice-Caterina Zai
Stiftung Corymbo
Stiftung Érgata
Stiftung Erika und Andres Gut
Stiftung Temperatio
Unia
Unicef

Thank you!

That is why I fight side by side with Solidar Suisse

'The Decent Work Day campaign was an opportunity to shake people out of their complacency and make them realise that we are so privileged here that we could not even begin to replicate the working conditions of the south. If passers-by come to understand that someone somewhere is paying the price for this abundance of cheap goods, then that's already a valuable lesson.'

Corinna Mattner, Performer at the Solidar Decent Work Day campaign

'I was a Board member of SLA for many years, and am still a member of Solidar and the Bern branch of SLA. Since retiring from the Swiss Federation of Trade Unions in 2011, I have started becoming active on social media. Solidar has been running important and effective projects for years, and I'm happy to publicise them now on Twitter and Facebook.'

Peter Sigerist, Bern

'I believe it is important to get involved, including by political means, to help preserve civil liberty everywhere. And that also applies to Solidar. I would like to congratulate you on your work, and thanks for asking! Carry on doing what you're doing.'

Christine Cornut, on the survey about whether Solidar should express political views in Switzerland

Comments on financial statements

Solidar Rarely has a year been so profoundly impacted by a global event as was 2020 by the coronavirus pandemic. Throughout these exceptional times, the members of our highly-committed international team responded rapidly and where they were most needed, whether they were based in local coordination offices or working from home. Programmes to support the poorest and most vulnerable sectors of the population were adapted to take account of the situation and supplemented by emergency measures for the prevention of Covid-19.

Despite the difficult conditions in which we were operating, Solidar Suisse saw turnover rise by 4 percent over the previous year and can look back on a robust financial year. We would like to take this opportunity to thank our donors and institutional sponsors most sincerely for their consistently generous support in the battle against poverty and exploitation and for global fairness.

Solidar Suisse generated an operating income of 17.43 million francs in 2020, while operating expenditure amounted to 17.64 million francs. Of this, roughly 13 million francs were allocated to our international cooperation programmes, an increase of 7 percent over the previous year. Overall, 71 percent of the resources were channelled into long-term development work and 29 percent into humanitarian aid. The cost of monitoring programmes in Switzerland was 1.72 million francs. Some 1 million francs were spent on the information and awareness-raising programme, with campaigns on topics relevant to development policy.

In terms of operating expenses, about 79 percent of resources were used for programme work, while 21 percent went on administrative expenses (8.1 %) and fundraising (12.7 %). The balance-sheet total for 2020 was 24 percent up on the previous year, with the figure as per 31.12.2020 being roughly 17 million francs (compared to 13.7 million francs the year before). This increase can be attributed primarily to investment in the refurbishment of our own properties, which was completed early in 2021.

As per 31.12.2020, the organisation's capital amounted to 4.49 million francs, corresponding to a reserve ratio of 26.4 percent (PY 32.3 %) measured as a proportion of the balance-sheet total.

Balance sheet

	31/12/2020	31/12/2019
Assets	CHF	CHF
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,956,807	6,486,889
Accounts receivable on deliveries and services	24,545	24,689
Other short-term accounts receivable	311,580	781,179
Net assets in programme countries	1,142,714	957,784
Accrued income and pre-paid expenses	2,406,409	299,125
Total	8,842,054	8,549,666
Fixed Assets		
Financial Assets	140,792	140,792
Tangible fixed assets	467,295	259,143
Real estate property	7,311,501	4,535,037
Intangible assets	235,266	210,573
Total	8,154,854	5,145,545
Total Assets	16,996,909	13,695,211
Liabilities		
Short-term liabilities		
Liabilities on deliveries and services	530,416	841,568
Other short-term liabilities	303,757	362,582
Pre-Payments	3,879,760	2,405,812
Accrued expenses and deferred income	398,891	157,204
Total	5,112,825	3,767,167
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term interest-bearing liabilities (mortgages)	3,150,000	1,000,000
Total	3,150,000	1,000,000
Total liabilities	8,262,825	4,767,167
Fund capital	4,247,612	4,502,957
Total liabilities and fund capital	12,510,437	9,270,123
Capital of the organisation		
Paid-up capital	100,000	100,000
Restricted capital		
Foreign-exchange offset reserve	304,152	334,641
Real estate renovation reserve	1,018,585	1,018,585
Collective agreement (CLA) reserve	60,000	60,000
Unrestricted capital	3,000,003	2,908,586
Solidar Genève unrestricted capital	3,732	3,276
Total	4,486,471	4,425,088
Total liabilities	16,996,909	13,695,211

Statement of operations

	2020	2019
Income	CHF	CHF
Income from donations		
Unrestricted donations and legacies	3,489,134	3,128,422
Restricted donations and legacies	418,773	875,605
Project contributions	2,675,677	2,733,175
Project contributions, Liechtenstein Development Service (LED)	650,000	650,000
Membership fees and supporter contributions	394,740	401,226
Total	7,628,324	7,788,428
Income from service provided		
Swiss Federal funding	5,268,029	4,988,445
Funding from various organisations	4,277,617	3,496,855
Total	9,545,646	8,485,300
Other operating income	253,238	476,754
Total operational income	17,427,208	16,750,482

	2020	2019
Expenses	CHF	CHF
International programme		
Africa	3,693,671	3,448,259
Asia	3,064,391	2,717,483
Latin America	3,740,911	3,331,033
South-eastern Europe and Middle East	749,583	957,454
Programme coordination and support	1,723,670	1,661,917
Total	12,972,226	12,116,146
Swiss programme - Information and awareness raising	1,001,320	1,120,023
Head Office		
Administration costs	1,435,107	1,457,319
Fundraising and advertising	2,232,297	2,313,120
Total	3,667,403	3,770,439
Total operational expenditure	17,640,949	17,006,608
Operating result	− 213,741	− 256,126
Financial result	− 98,332	− 31,852
Real estate property result	121,283	164,095
Other result	− 3,171	4,192
Result before fund movements	− 193,961	− 119,691
Movements in funds	255,344	283,543
Allocations	3,744,450	4,258,780
Use	− 3,999,795	− 4,542,323
Annual result before allocations to the capital of the organisation	61,383	163,852
Allocations		
To unrestricted capital	− 91,873	− 192,665
To restricted capital		
Foreign-exchange offset reserve	30,489	50,269
Fonds de rénovation des immeubles		− 21,456
Annual result after allocations to the capital of the organisation	0	0

Solidar Suisse's financial statements are prepared in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER recommendations. This financial overview is an excerpt of the annual financial statements audited by Balmer-Etienne AG as part of its ordinary audit and found to be correct. The complete financial statements including the audit report and further details on Solidar Suisse's performance and situation report can be found in the Financial Report at www.solidar.ch/financialreport

Board of Directors

Carlo Sommaruga

President since 2018



Sabin Bieri

since 2020



Dieter Bolliger

since 2014



Judith Bucher

since 1999



Mario Carera

since 2012



Tamara Funicello

since 2020



Pepo Hofstetter

since 2018



Joachim Merz

since 2015



Reto Wyss

since 2020



The president and other members of the committee are elected for a four-year term. They can be re-elected.

Interest commitment
Relevant vested interests and mandates of the board members are listed in the financial report:
www.solidar.ch/financialreport

Committees

International Programme committee

Tanya Berger
Matthias Boss
Barbara Dietrich
Martin Fässler
Bruno Gurtner
Florian Meister

Joint committee

Beat Gsell, President
Employer and employee representation is defined according.

Auditor

Balmer-Etienne AG
Bederstrasse 66, 8002 Zurich

Solidar Suisse Genève

Board of directors

Valery Bragar, President since 2019
Stéphanie Alias, since 2017
Mario Carera, since 2014
Fanny Dumas, since 2020
Aurélie Friedli, since 2019
Felix Gnehm, since 2018
Barbara Mangold, since 2020
Tamina Wicky, since 2019

Advisory Role

Barbara Burri Sharani

since 2017



Felix Gnehm

since 2017



The Solidar-Team

Bangladesh



Bolivia







Burkina Faso







El Salvador



Indonesia



Kosovo





Mozambique









Nicaragua





Serbia



Pakistan



Switzerland

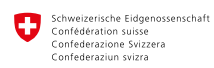








Collaborating Partners



The Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC) of the Federal Department of Foreign Affairs supports the development cooperation programmes of Solidar Suisse with an annual contribution.



Solidar Suisse is a member of Swiss Solidarity, the Swiss media's humanitarian aid fundraising platform. Swiss Solidarity supports many Solidar Suisse humanitarian aid projects.



The Principality of Liechtenstein's official development cooperation agency Liechtenstein Development Service LED is a Solidar Suisse partner in the Burkina Faso programme.



Solidar Suisse is member of the Fédération vaudoise de coopération. Through this alliance of NGOs the public authorities of the canton Vaud finance development projects.



Solidar Suisse is member of the Fédération genevoise de coopération. Through this alliance of NGOs the public authorities of the canton Geneva finance development projects.



Solidar bears the ZEWO-seal which distinguishes charities using donations economically, effectively and for the designated purpose.



Solidar is distinguished with the QaP Certificate (Quality as process) which guarantees effectiveness and quality of management in development cooperation.

Networks



The Swiss Federation of Trade Unions SGB and the Social Democratic Party of Switzerland SP are partners of Solidar Suisse. In 1936 they created Swiss Labour Assistance SLA, which in 2011 became Solidar Suisse.



SOLIDAR brings together 60 NGOs with the shared values of solidarity, equality and participation. Solidar Suisse is a member of this European network created to advance social justice in Europe and worldwide, primarily in the fields of education, humanitarian aid, social affairs and international cooperation.



Solidar Suisse is a member of the SLA network: Ten independent regional SLA associations provide programmes for unemployed people, immigrants and refugees. Solidar Suisse is related to them through a common history and common partners.



Solidar is a partner of Alliance Sud, the umbrella organization of six leading Swiss Development NGOs.

Decent Work Alliance

The Decent Work Alliance of Solidar Suisse and Brücke - Le pont supports people all over the world in their struggle to improve their working conditions, overcome poverty, and be able to live a life of dignity and empowerment.

Imprint

Published by Solidar Suisse

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Editorial office: Katja Schurter

Translation: Intertext

Photo credits:
Cover: chutidech – stock.adobe.com
p. 6 and p. 12: Solidar Suisse
p. 8: Mohammad Rakibul Hasan/Fairpicture

Design and illustrations:
artischock.net

Print: Mattenbach AG, Winterthur

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IBAN CH67 0900 0000 8000 0188 1



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